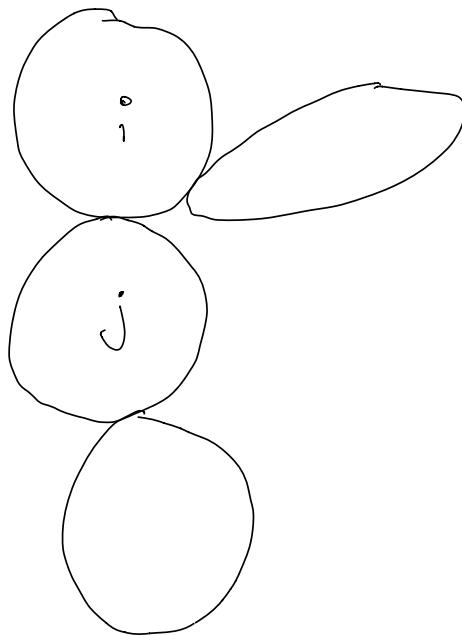


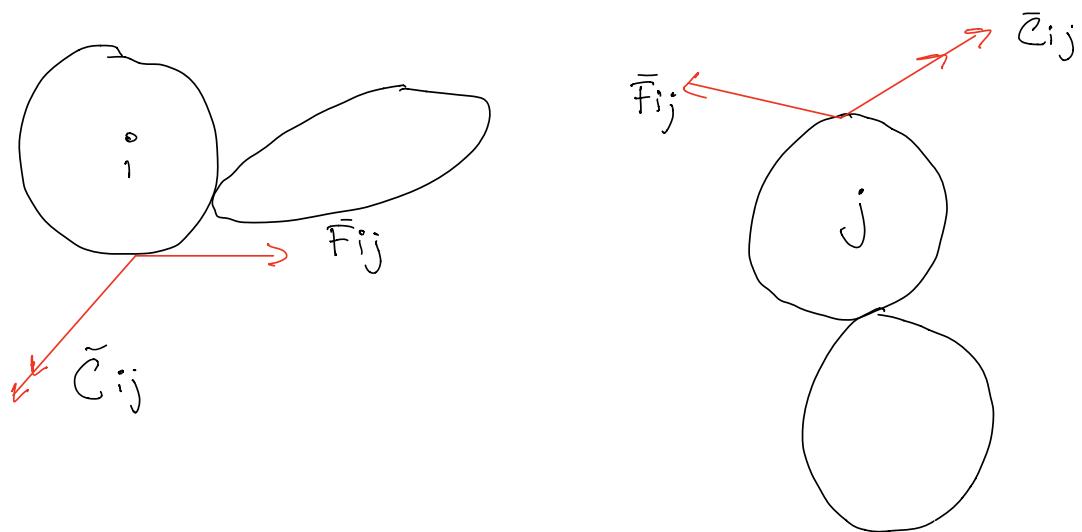
Föreläsning 8

TMME04 – Mekanik II

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Frilägg kropp i från kropp j :



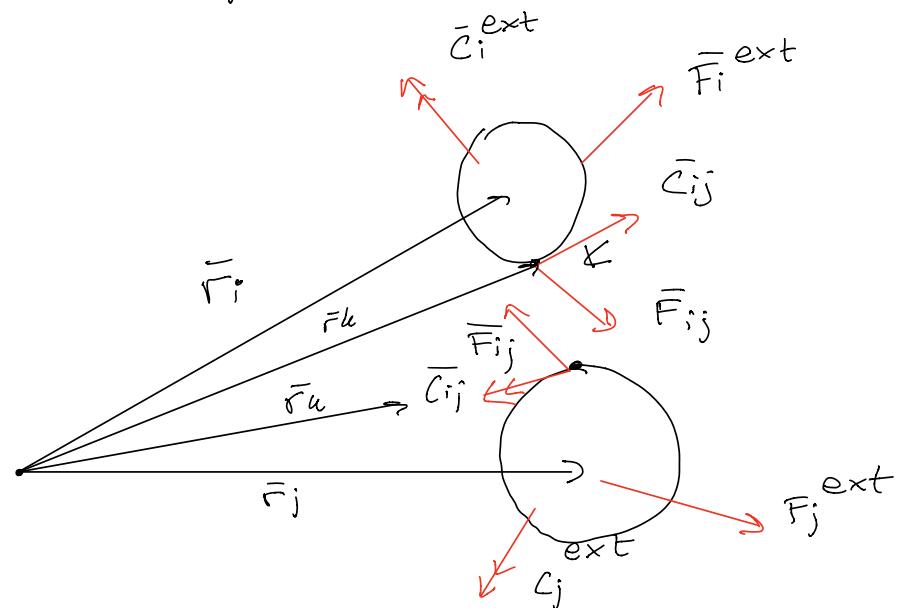
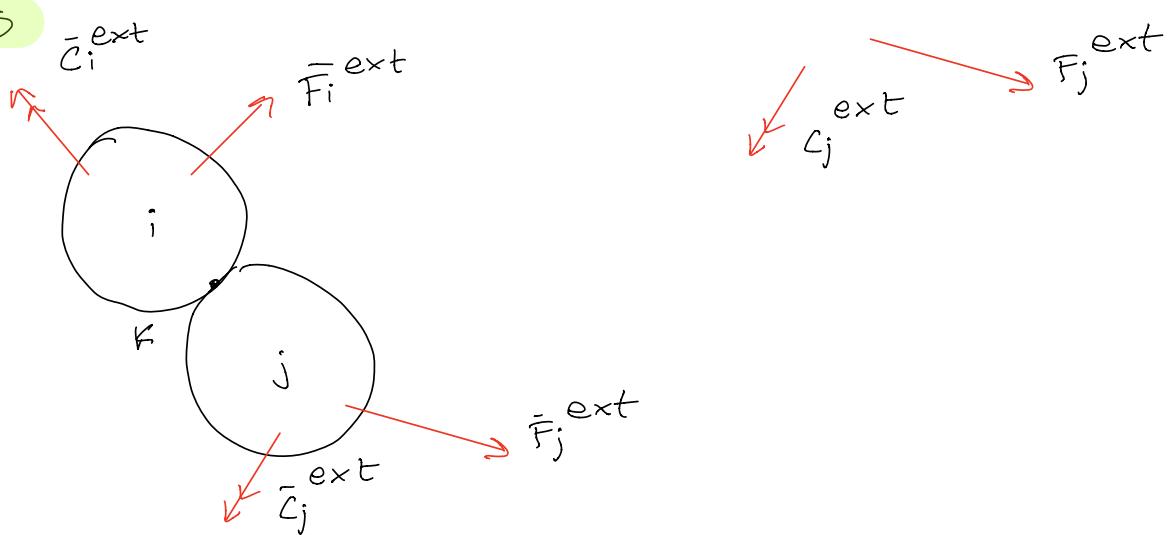
SATS:

Lagen om verkan och motverkan, Newton III.

$$\bar{F}_{ij} = -\bar{F}_{ji}$$

$$\bar{C}_{ij} = -\bar{C}_{ji}$$

Bevis



Euler I för

$$i : \bar{F}_i^{ext} + \bar{F}_{ij} = \dot{\bar{\varphi}}^i \quad (1)$$

$$j : \bar{F}_j^{ext} + \bar{F}_{ji} = \dot{\bar{\varphi}}^j \quad (2)$$

$$i+j : \bar{F}_i^{ext} + \bar{F}_j^{ext} = \dot{\bar{\varphi}}^i + \dot{\bar{\varphi}}^j \quad (3)$$

(1) + (2) - (3):

$$\bar{F}_{ij} + F_{ji} = 0 \Rightarrow F_{ij} = -F_{ji}$$

◻

Omskrivningar av Euler I och VI

Euler I: Kraftlagen

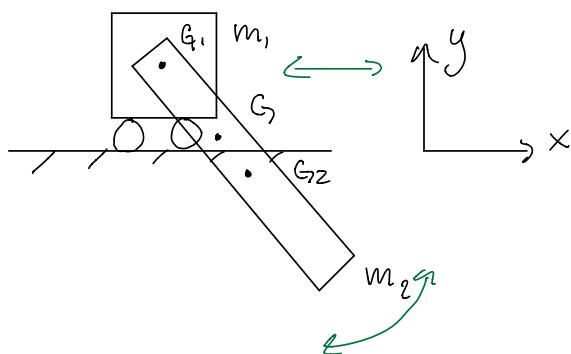
$$\bar{F}^{ext} = m\bar{a}_G,$$

\bar{F}^{ext} extern kraft på systemet.

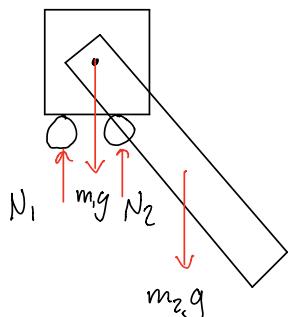
m systemets totala massa

G systemets masscentrum

EX:



Frilags:



Ingen friktion så ingen
extern kraft i x.

$$\bar{F}_x^{\text{ext}} = 0 \Rightarrow a_{Gx} = 0 \Rightarrow V_{Gx} \text{ konstant.}$$

Startar i vila ger

$$V_{Gx} = 0 \quad \forall t.$$



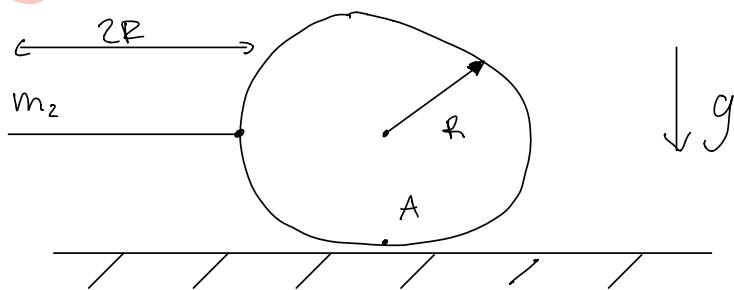
$$\bar{F}^{\text{ext}} = \sum m_i a_{Gi}$$

$$r_G = \frac{m_1 \bar{r}_{G1} + m_2 \bar{r}_{G2}}{m_1 + m_2}$$

Euler II: Momen tlagen

$$\bar{M}_A^{\text{ext}} = \sum I_{Gi} \ddot{\alpha}_i + \sum r_{AGi} \times m_i a_{Gi}, \quad A \text{ godtycklig}$$

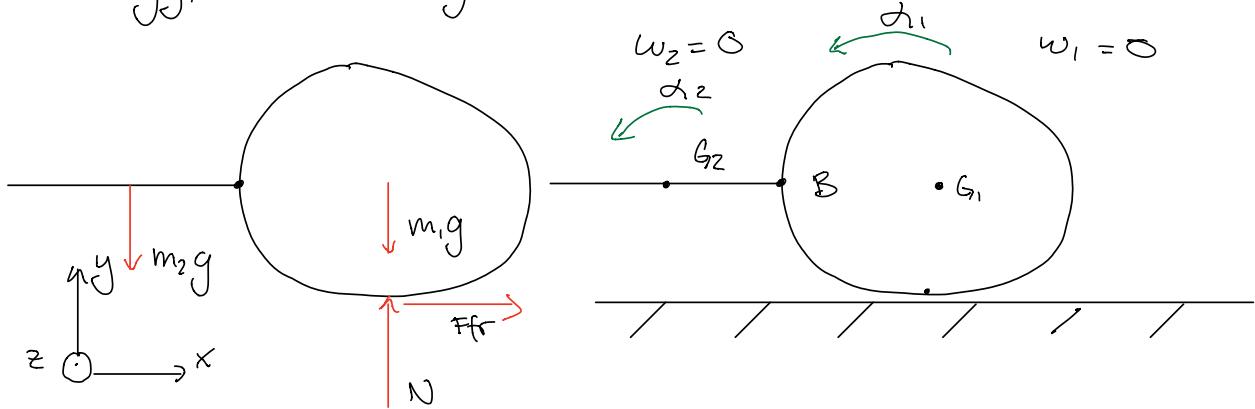
(42)



Givet: Släpps från vila då t=0

Sökt: α_1, α_2 vid t=0

Fri ligg, skiva + stäng vid $t=0$



Euler II

$$\bar{M}_A^{\text{ext}} = \sum_{i=1}^2 I_{G_i} \ddot{\alpha}_i + \sum_{i=1}^2 \bar{F}_{AG_i} \times m_i \bar{\alpha}_{G_i}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{M}_A^{\text{ext}} : m_2 g \cdot 2R \hat{z} &= \underbrace{\int_{G_1} \alpha_1 \hat{z}}_{\frac{m_1 R^2}{2}} + \underbrace{\int_{G_2} \alpha_2 \hat{z}}_{\frac{m_2 R^2}{12}} + R \hat{y} \times m_1 (-R \dot{\alpha}_1 \hat{x}) + \\ &+ (R \hat{y} - 2R \hat{x}) \times m_2 \bar{\alpha}_{G_2} \quad (1) \end{aligned}$$

Kinematik

Skivan

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{\alpha}_B &= \bar{\alpha}_{G_1} + \dot{\alpha}_1 \times r_{GB} - \underset{=0}{\omega_1^2} r_{GB} = -R \dot{\alpha}_1 \hat{x} + \dot{\alpha}_1 \hat{z} \times (-R \hat{x}) = \\ &= -R \dot{\alpha}_1 \hat{x} - R \dot{\alpha}_1 \hat{y} \end{aligned}$$

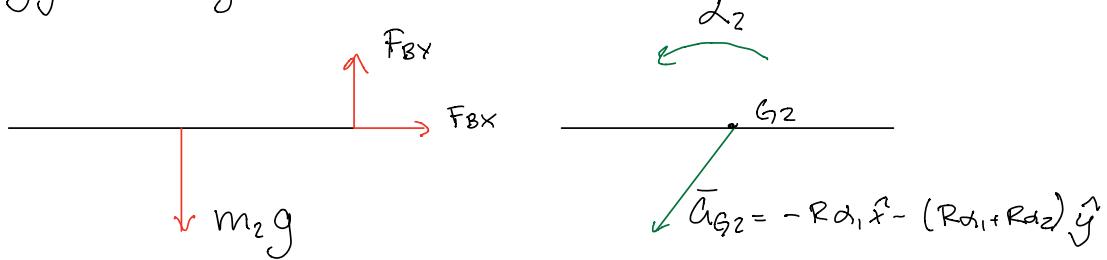
Stängen

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{\alpha}_{G_2} &= \bar{\alpha}_B + \dot{\alpha}_2 \times \bar{r}_{BG_2} - \underset{=0}{\omega_2^2} \bar{r}_{BG_2} = -R \dot{\alpha}_1 \hat{x} - R \dot{\alpha}_1 \hat{y} + \\ &+ \dot{\alpha}_2 \hat{z} \times (-R \hat{x}) = -R \dot{\alpha}_1 \hat{x} - (R \dot{\alpha}_1 + R \dot{\alpha}_2) \hat{y} \end{aligned}$$

Ingåttnng : (1) $\Rightarrow \dots \Rightarrow$

$$2m_2 g R = \frac{3}{2} m_1 R^2 \alpha_1 + 3m_2 R^2 \alpha_1 + \frac{7}{3} m_2 R^2 \alpha_2 \quad (2)$$

Frilägg stängen vid $t=0$



Euler II

$$\bar{M}_B = I_{G2} \bar{\alpha}_2 + \bar{F}_{BG2} \times m_2 \bar{a}_{G2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{M}_B : m_2 g R \hat{z} &= \underbrace{I_{G2} \alpha_2 \hat{z}}_{\frac{m_2 R^2}{3}} + \\ &+ \underbrace{(-R \hat{x}) \times m_2 (-R \alpha_1 \hat{x} - (R \alpha_1 + R \alpha_2) \hat{y})}_{m_2 R^2 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) \hat{z}} \Leftrightarrow \end{aligned}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow m_2 g R = \frac{m_2 R^2}{3} \cdot \alpha_2 + m_2 R^2 (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) \quad (3)$$

(2), (3) ger:

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{m_2 g}{R(6m_1 + 5m_2)}, \quad \alpha_2 = \frac{\frac{9}{2} m_1 g + 3m_2 g}{R(6m_1 + 5m_2)},$$

$$\bar{F} = m \bar{a} : m = 0 \Rightarrow \bar{F} = 0$$



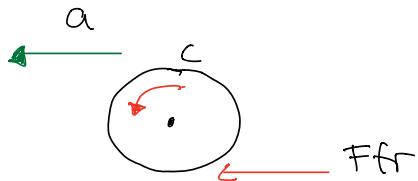
$$|F_{fr}| \leq \mu_s N$$

$\mu_{s,\min}$ så ej börjar glida

Euler I

$$F^{ext} = \sum_{i=1}^2 m_i a_{G,i}$$

$$\hat{x}: F_{fr} = m_1 a_{G,1x} + m_2 a_{G,2x} = m_1 (-R\alpha_1) + m_2 (-R\alpha_1) = - (m_1 + m_2) R\alpha_1 = - \frac{(m_1 + m_2) m_2 g}{6m_1 + 5m_2}$$



$$\begin{aligned} \hat{y}: N - (m_1 + m_2) g &= m_1 a_{G,1y} + m_2 a_{G,2y} = \\ &= 0 - m_2 R (\alpha_1 + \alpha_2) \\ \Rightarrow N &= \frac{6m_1^2 + \frac{13}{2} m_1 m_2 + m_2^2}{6m_1 + 5m_2} g \end{aligned}$$

Börjar ej glida om

$$|F_{fr}| \leq \mu_s N.$$

$$\therefore \mu_{s,\min} = \frac{|F_{fr}|}{N} = \frac{m_2 (m_1 + m_2)}{6m_1^2 + m_2^2 + \frac{13}{2} m_1 m_2}$$

$$m_2 = k m_1 \Rightarrow$$

$$\mu_{s,\min} = \frac{k (1+k)}{6 + k^2 + \frac{13}{2} k}$$

